

# Snow Hawk E-Scooter Business Case

A go/no-go business case for a cold-weather electric scooter with heated handlebars, a detachable windshield and snow tires, aimed at college students and young professionals in the Midwest and Northeast. Our four-person team recommended GO. I led marketing and product management.

|                             |                                                 |                                                        |                                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>GO</b><br>recommendation | <b>\$960K</b><br>capital invested before launch | <b>\$467.56</b><br>estimated unit cost vs. \$750 price | <b>4.57 yrs</b><br>payback period |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

## How we sized the market

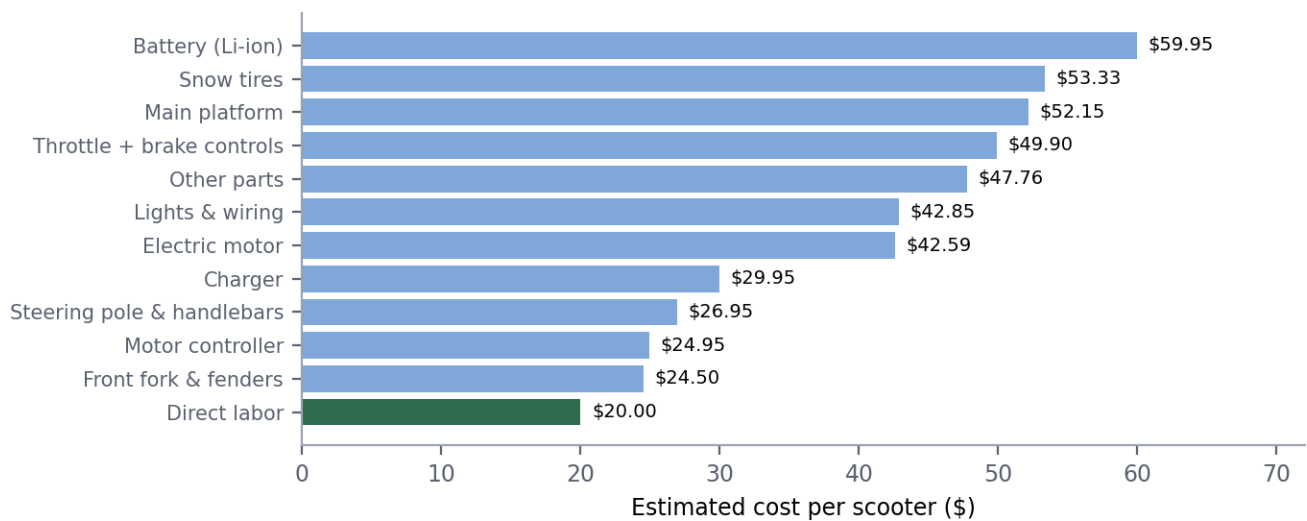
We defined two segments: college students (18–22) and young working professionals (23–27) in cold-weather regions. Using regional age, workforce-participation and 2023 enrollment data, the target population came to about 9.8 million people (5.51M in the Midwest and 4.25M in the Northeast).

The top three competitors (Bird, Segway and Razor) hold about 56% of the U.S. e-scooter market, and the remaining 44% is split among an estimated 250–500 smaller brands. That put a realistic share for Snow Hawk at 0.09% to 0.18%, which, combined with expected purchase rates, gave the two volume scenarios below.

| Scenario    | Market share captured | Purchase rate  | Units per year |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Low volume  | 0.09%                 | 20% of segment | 1,718          |
| High volume | 0.18%                 | 25% of segment | 4,295          |

## Unit economics

Procurement priced each part and the tooling it needed. Battery, snow tires and the aluminum platform are the largest costs. At \$750 the scooter targets a 30% margin, in line with the 25–30% typical for the category and justified by its premium, winter-specific features.



Itemized parts from the Phase II cost sheet plus \$20.00 of direct labor. These items sum to \$474.88, slightly above the \$467.56 used in the team's summary; a later version adding packaging came to \$496.33. Tooling for the platform, casting set, battery housing, tires and hand warmers is a separate one-time cost.

## Product requirements we committed to

| Feature               | Target            | Tolerance         |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Headlights            | 750 lumens        | −50 / +100 lumens |
| Battery life (Li-ion) | 500 charge cycles | −25 / +30 cycles  |
| Detachable windshield | 17 × 16.5 in      | −0.5 / +1 in      |
| Tire tread            | 10/32 in          | −2/32 / +3/32 in  |
| Heated handlebars     | 95°F              | −5 / +10°F        |
| Unit cost             | \$467.56          | −\$15 / +\$20     |
| Price to consumer     | \$750             | −\$10 / +\$15     |
| Payback period        | 4.57 years        | ±1.16 years       |

## Go-to-market (my workstream)

| Phase       | Plan                                                                                                                                |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pre-launch  | Digital campaigns, a campus ambassador program to gather feedback and seed early buyers, and early-bird discounts.                  |
| Launch      | Direct-to-consumer through our own site plus Amazon (Amazon takes about 15% of the retail price, so DTC carries the higher margin). |
| Post-launch | Loyalty program, cross-selling winter accessories, and expanding into retail partnerships.                                          |

## Key risks and how we planned for them

| Risk                                   | Mitigation                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Tariffs raising unit cost by up to 25% | Bulk purchasing and alternative sourcing for the highest-cost parts          |
| Competitors copying winter features    | Lead with the premium feature set and build loyalty early                    |
| Seasonal demand                        | Demand forecasting and just-in-time production to limit off-season inventory |

### Why GO

The product only works as a niche: a specific customer, a specific season, and a price that covers a higher unit cost. The team judged that no major competitor serves winter riders, the base-case payback is under five years, and the main risks have concrete mitigations.

Team: four students covering procurement, sales, marketing & product management (my role) and engineering/operations. Academic project, Fall 2024. Figures are the team's Phase II estimates.